


Change 119
Manual of the Medical Department
U.S. Navy
NAVMED P-117

To: Holders of the Manual of the Medical Department

1. **This Change** revises Chapter 15, Article 15-42 and Chapter 15, Article 15-76.
2. **Action**
 - a. Remove page 15-27 and replace with revised page 15-27.
 - b. Remove page 15-70 and replace with revised page 15-70.
 - c. Record Change 119 in the Record of Page Changes.


M. L. COWAN
Chief, Bureau of
Medicine and Surgery

MANMED CHANGE 119
CHECKLIST OF CHAPTER 15 PAGES IN EFFECT

Date Checked: _____

Signature: _____

Download missing pages from the Virtual Naval Hospital Web site at: <http://www.vnh.org/Admin/MMD/001Contents.html> or e-mail Mrs. Barbara J. Berry at: BJBerry@us.med.navy.mil.

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(a) For Navy and Marine Corps programs leading to a commission the refractive error cannot exceed +/-6.00 diopters sphere and +/-3.00 diopters cylinder.

(4) **Contact lenses.** Complicated cases requiring contact lenses for adequate correction of vision, such as corneal scars and irregular astigmatism.

(5) **Color vision**

(a) Color vision is not required for enlisted service. However, some occupational specialties may require color vision.

(b) Adequate color vision is required for unrestricted line officers and Navy programs leading to a commission as an unrestricted line officer. In addition, some restricted line, limited duty officer and warrant officer programs also require adequate color vision. These designators include, but are not limited to: 611x, 612x, 616x, 621x, 622x, 626x, 648x, 711x, 712x, 717x, 721x, 722x, 727x, and 748x.

(c) The Farnsworth Lantern (FALANT) is the Navy's definitive test for color vision. Those passing an appropriately conducted FALANT are considered to have adequate color vision for naval service. A passing score using the FALANT is 9 correct responses out of a series of 9 presentations. If any errors are made, a consecutive series of 18 presentations will be made with a passing score being 16 correct responses out of the 18 consecutive presentations.

(d) Screening for color deficiency with pseudo-isochromatic plates (PIP) is an acceptable alternative. Applicants will be screened with a 14-plate PIP set with passing defined as 12/14 correct. Applicants scoring 12/14 correct on screening with a PIP set need not be tested with the FALANT. Applicant's failing the PIP screening test should be tested for adequate color vision using the FALANT if they are applying for a program that requires adequate color vision.

15-43

**Genitalia
(Male and Female)**

(1) **Male Genitalia.** The causes of medical rejection for appointment, enlistment, or induction are:

(a) **Absence of Both Testicles.** Congenital or acquired, or unexplained absence of a testicle.

(b) **Epispadias or Hypospadias.**

(c) **Undiagnosed Enlargement or Mass of Testicle, Epididymis or any Scrotal Structure.**

(d) **Undescended Testicle(s).**

(e) **Orchitis.** Acute, or chronic epididymitis.

(f) **Penis.** Amputation of, if the resulting stump is insufficient to permit micturition in a normal manner.

(1) **Penile infectious lesions.** Including herpes genitalis and condyloma acuminatum: acute or chronic, not amenable to treatment. Such treatment must be given and demonstrated effective prior to accession.

(g) **Prostatitis.** Acute or chronic condition.

(h) **Prostatic Hypertrophy with Urinary Retention.**

(i) **Hydrocele.** Left varicocele (if painful), or any right varicocele.

(j) **Major Abnormalities and Defects of the Genitalia.** Such as a change of sex. A history thereof, or dysfunctional residuals from surgical correction of these conditions.

(2) **Female Genitalia.** The causes for rejection for appointment, enlistment, or induction are as follows:

(a) **Abnormal Uterine Bleeding.** Including such bleeding as menorrhagia, metrorrhagia, or polymenorrhea.

(b) **Amenorrhea.**

(5) Notification of Results

(a) **Papanicolaou Smear Results.** The results of the Papanicolaou smear should be provided to the patient within 14 days from being obtained at all naval hospitals, medical clinics, and branch medical clinics (excluding nonclaimancy 18 facilities). The results of Papanicolaou smears obtained at sites other than claimancy 18 facilities should be provided to the patient within 30 days.

(b) Mammogram Results

(1) **Screening mammogram** results should be provided to the patient within 14 days of the mammogram being performed.

(2) **Diagnostic mammogram** (e.g., for evaluation of a lump) results should be provided to the patient within 5 days of the mammogram being performed.

(6) **Responsibility.** Active duty female members are responsible for making and keeping appointments for the recommended annual health maintenance examination components.

(7) **Form.** SF-600 is available on the GSA Web site at [http://contacts.gsa.gov/webforms.nsf/\(formslist\)?openform&count=1000&category=Standard+Forms&expandview](http://contacts.gsa.gov/webforms.nsf/(formslist)?openform&count=1000&category=Standard+Forms&expandview).